

1．On paper，using a ruler， create a grid of 4,6 or 9 squares
2．In each square create an example of LINE，TONE， TEXTURE and PATTERN for each grid
3．Here are some examples to help you with ideas－ you can copy some if you want to help you get started，then make your


[^0]

HORIZONTAL
（horizontal）




OR $\square$

$\square$
$\square$


6

own


WAVY／CURLY （ondulado）

Pointillism
Tone


Cross－hatching



Textures

9


Pattern

## Colour Theory

Create you very own colour wheel using colour pencils, felt tips or paints.
You can create it how you like - here are some examples which you can copy off or make your own up!
Make sure you include labels for the primary, secondary and tertiary colours.

The Color Wheel


## Shapes are Flat アOBMS ABE BAS



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Can you draw the following shapes flat (2D) and as a form (3D)?


Square


Circle


Triangle


Rectangle
'The Formal Elements of Art are the parts used to make a piece of artwork. The art elements are line, shape, form, tone, texture, pattern, colour and composition. They are often used together, and how they are organised in a piece of art determines what the finished piece will look like.'
Please complete a sentence for each ACE below

## Accept

Do you accept this statement? Or do you accept a part of it?

## Challenge

Do you challenge this statement? Or do you challenge a part of it?

## Extend

Based on your knowledge and understanding of the formal elements please extend on this statement.

## Key Word Understanding

Learn the following definitions and recall them from memory. Write each definition down until you have fully learnt and understood the meaning. Repeat this process.

- Line: Line is the path left by a moving point. Line can be used to show many different qualities, such as contours (showing the shape and form of something), feelings or expressions - (a short, hard line gives a different feeling to a more flowing one) or movements
- Shape: A shape is an area enclosed by a line. Shapes can be either geometric, like a circle, square or triangle, or irregular.
- Form: Form is a three dimensional shape, such as a cube, sphere or cone. Sculpture and 3D design are about creating forms. In 2D artworks, tone and perspective can be used to create an illusion of form.
- Tone: This refers to the lightness or darkness of something. This could be a shade or how dark or light a colour appears.
- Texture: This is to do with the surface quality of something, the way something feels or looks like it feels. There are two types of texture: actual texture and visual texture
- Pattern: A design that is created by repeating lines, shapes, tones or colours.
- Colour: Red, yellow and blue are primary colours, which means they can't be mixed using any other colours. Two primary colours mixed together make a secondary colour. Tertiary colours are created by mixing a primary colour and the secondary colour next to it on the colour wheel.
- Composition: The term composition means 'putting together,' and can apply to any work of art, from music to writing to photography, that is arranged or put together using conscious thought. In a 2D piece of Art, it is where you choose to put things on your page, the layout.



## Research Activity

- Research 1 of the following artists.
- Find 4-6 images of your chosen artist's work, print out or present on a PowerPoint or Word document.
- Find out information on this artist.
- Describe their work - talk about the formal elements of their work


Andy Warhol


Robert Indiana


Ron Magnes

## Drawing experiments

Create 2-4 drawing experiments from the artist images. You can copy the artist's work and make your OWN design in their style too.

## Final Piece

Create a final piece artwork in the style of your chosen artist. This should be size A4 or bigger if you want. Complete with colour if you have the equipment.


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